Registration number: 14149891

# LUMINA DATAMATICS UK LIMITED

Annual Report and Financial Statements

for the Year Ended 31 March 2025

# Contents

Company Information	
Strategic Report	- 1
	2
Directors' Report	3
Statement of Directors' Responsibilities	
Independent Auditor's Report	4
Profit and Loss Account	5 to 6
Balance Sheet	7
Salatice Street	8
Statement of Changes in Equity	
Notes to the Financial Statements	9
	10 to 14
Non-statutory pages	15
Detailed Profit and Loss Account	13
	15

# **Company Information**

Directors

Sameer Kanodia

Registered office

99 Milton Keynes Business Centre Foxhunter Drive, Linford Wood

Milton Keynes Buckinghamshire

MK14 6GD

Accountants

Arth Limited

99 Milton Keynes Business Centre Foxhunter Drive, Linford Wood

Milton Keynes Buckinghamshire MK14 6GD

**Auditors** 

Sawhney Consulting 429 433 Pinner Road,

North Harrow, HA1 4HN

# Strategic Report for the Year Ended 31 March 2025

The Directors present their strategic report for the year ended 31 March 2025.

# Principal activity

The principal activity of the company is publishing activities

# Fair review of the business

The revenue from operations for the year ended was at £191k, compared to £104k last year. The gross profit of the company was at £37.4k compared to £22.6k in previous year. The net profit as a percentage to revenue was at 4.2%, compared to 5.2% in the last year. The directors consider the results for the year to be satisafactory and are confident that profits will be increased during the year to 31 March 2025.

# Principal risks and uncertainties

Principal risks and uncertainties

The risks and uncertainties which company may face are:

(a) Uncertainties in key markets

(b) Risk of losing customers and revenue concentration with our few top clients

(c) Competition from peers

(d) Changes in legislations affecting the business

The group has risk management framework to identify, assess, address, mitigate and monitor the key risks

Sameer Kanodia

Director

# Directors' Report for the Year Ended 31 March 2025

The Directors present their report and the financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2025.

# **Directors of the Company**

The director who held office during the year was as follows:

Sameer Kanodia - Director

# Disclosure of information to the auditors

Each Director has taken steps that they ought to have taken as a Director in order to make themselves aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the Company's auditors are aware of that information. The Directors confirm that there is no relevant information that they know of and of which they know the auditors are unaware.

Approved by the Board on May 2025 and signed on its behalf by:

Sameer Kanodia

Director

# Statement of Directors' Responsibilities

The Directors are responsible for preparing the Annual Report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the Directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the Directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards and applicable law). Under company law the Directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Company and of the profit or loss of the Company for that period. In preparing these financial statements, the Directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and apply them consistently;
- make judgements and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether applicable UK Accounting Standards has been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements; and
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the Company will continue in business.

The Directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the Company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the Company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the Company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

# **Independent Auditor's Report**

We have audited the financial statements of LUMINA DATAMATICS UK LIMITED for the year ended 31 March 2025, set out on pages 7 to 14. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

This report is made solely to the Company's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the Company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the Company and the Company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

#### Respective responsibilities of Directors and auditor

As explained more fully in the Statement of Directors' Responsibilities (set out on page 4), the Directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view. Our responsibility is to audit and express an opinion on the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland). Those standards require us to comply with the Auditing Practices Board's (APB's) Ethical Standards for Auditors to the financial statements.

#### Scope of the audit of the financial statements

An audit involves obtaining evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements sufficient to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or error. This includes an assessment of: whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the Company's circumstances and have been consistently applied and adequately disclosed; the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by the Directors; and the overall presentation of the financial statements. In addition, we read all the financial and non-financial information in the Annual Report to identify material inconsistencies with the audited financial statements and to identify any information that is apparently materially incorrect based on, or materially inconsistent with, the knowledge acquired by us in the course of performing the audit. If we become aware of any apparent material misstatements or inconsistencies we consider the implications for our report.

#### Opinion on the financial statements

In our opinion the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the Company's affairs as at 31 March 2025 and of its profit for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice;
   and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

#### Opinion on other matter prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion the information given in the Strategic Report and Directors' Report for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements.

### Matters on which we are required to report by exception

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters where the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion:

- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- · the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- certain disclosures of Directors' remuneration specified by law are not made; or
- · we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit.

# **Independent Auditor's Report**

Mr. Opinder Singh Sawhney (Senior Statutory Auditor) For and on behalf of Sawhney Consulting, Statutory Audi	itor
429 433 Pinner Road, North Harrow, HA1 4HN	
Date:	

# Profit and Loss Account for the Year Ended 31 March 2025

	Note	2025 £	2024 £
Turnover	3	195,999	191,032
Cost of sales		(165,426)	(153,637)
Gross profit		30,573	37,395
Distribution costs		(524)	(542)
Administrative expenses		(15,881)	(25,995)
Operating profit	4	14,168	10,858
Profit before tax		14,168	10,858
Taxation	6	(2,644)	(2,810)
Profit for the financial year		11,524	8,048

The above results were derived from continuing operations.

The company has no recognised gains or losses for the year other than the results above.

# (Registration number: 14149891) Balance Sheet as at 31 March 2025

	Note	2025 £	2024 £
Non Current Assets			
Tangible assets	7	848	593
Investments in Subsidiary - Sunrise	8	270,351	260,000
		271,199	260,593
Current assets			
Debtors	10	110,587	78,197
Other financial assets	9	80,000	80,000
Cash at bank and in hand		4,548	39,565
		195,135	197,762
Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year	12	(21,352)	(24,898)
Net current assets		173,783	172,864
Net assets		444,982	433,457
Capital and reserves			
Called up share capital	13	18,500	18,500
Share premium reserve		401,500	401,500
Profit and loss account		24,982	13,457
Total equity		444,982	433,457

Sameer Kanodia

Director

# Statement of Changes in Equity for the Year Ended 31 March 2025

Total comprehensive income New share capital subscribed At 31 March 2025 Profit for the year At 1 April 2024

Total comprehensive income New share capital subscribed At 31 March 2024 Profit for the year At 1 April 2023

Total £	13,458	11,524 420,000	444,982	Total £	5,409	8,048 420,000	433,457
Profit and loss account	13,458	11,524	24,982	account £	5,409	8,048	13,457
Share premium £		401,500	401,500	Share premium £		401,500	401,500
Share capital £		18,500	18,500	Share capital £		18,500	18,500

The notes on pages 10 to 14 form an integral part of these financial statements. Page 9

# Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 March 2025

# 1 General information

The company is a private company limited by share capital incorporated in England.

The address of its registered office is:

99 Milton Keynes Business Centre Foxhunter Drive, Linford Wood
Milton Keynes
Buckinghamshire
MK14 6GD
United Kingdom

Authorised for issue date

#### 2 Accounting policies

# Summary of significant accounting policies and key accounting estimates

The principal accounting policies applied in the preparation of these financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all the years presented, unless otherwise stated.

# Statement of compliance

These financial statements were prepared in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland'.

# **Basis of preparation**

These financial statements have been prepared using the historical cost convention except that as disclosed in the accounting policies certain items are shown at fair value.

# Revenue recognition

Turnover comprises the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for the sale of goods and provision of services in the ordinary course of the Company's activities. Turnover is shown net of sales/value added tax, returns, rebates and discounts and after eliminating sales within the company.

The Company recognises revenue when:

The amount of revenue can be reliably measured;

it is probable that future economic benefits will flow to the entity;

and specific criteria have been met for each of the Company's activities.

#### Tax

The tax expense for the period comprises current tax. Tax is recognised in profit or loss, except that a change attributable to an item of income or expense recognised as other comprehensive income is also recognised directly in other comprehensive income.

The current income tax charge is calculated on the basis of tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date in the countries where the company operates and generates taxable income.

# Tangible assets

Tangible assets are stated in the statement of financial position at cost, less any subsequent accumulated depreciation and subsequent accumulated impairment losses.

The cost of tangible assets includes directly attributable incremental costs incurred in their acquisition and installation.

# Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 March 2025

#### Depreciation

Depreciation is charged so as to write off the cost of assets, other than land and properties under construction over their estimated useful lives, as follows:

#### Asset class

Computer equipments

# Depreciation method and rate

Straight line @15%

#### **Business combinations**

Business combinations are accounted for using the purchase method. The consideration for each acquisition is measured at the aggregate of the fair values at acquisition date of assets given, liabilities incurred or assumed, and equity instruments issued by the Group in exchange for control of the acquired, plus any costs directly attributable to the business combination. When a business combination agreement provides for an adjustment to the cost of the combination contingent on future events, the Group includes the estimated amount of that adjustment in the cost of the combination at the acquisition date if the adjustment is probable and can be measured reliably.

#### **Investments**

Investments in equity shares which are publicly traded or where the fair value can be measured reliably are initially measured at fair value, with changes in fair value recognised in profit or loss. Investments in equity shares which are not publicly traded and where fair value cannot be measured reliably are measured at cost less impairment.

Interest income on debt securities, where applicable, is recognised in income using the effective interest method. Dividends on equity securities are recognised in income when receivable.

#### Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash on hand and call deposits, and other short-term highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to a known amount of cash and are subject to an insignificant risk of change in value.

#### Trade debtors

Trade debtors are amounts due from customers for merchandise sold or services performed in the ordinary course of business.

Trade debtors are recognised initially at the transaction price. They are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less provision for impairment. A provision for the impairment of trade debtors is established when there is objective evidence that the Company will not be able to collect all amounts due according to the original terms of the receivables.

#### Trade creditors

Trade creditors are obligations to pay for goods or services that have been acquired in the ordinary course of business from suppliers. Accounts payable are classified as current liabilities if the Company does not have an unconditional right, at the end of the reporting period, to defer settlement of the creditor for at least twelve months after the reporting date. If there is an unconditional right to defer settlement for at least twelve months after the reporting date, they are presented as non-current liabilities.

Trade creditors are recognised initially at the transaction price and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

# Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 March 2025

# Share capital

Ordinary shares are classified as equity. Equity instruments are measured at the fair value of the cash or other resources received or receivable, net of the direct costs of issuing the equity instruments. If payment is deferred and the time value of money is material, the initial measurement is on a present value basis.

3 Revenue		
The analysis of the company's revenue for the year from continuing operati	ons is as follows:	
David and Committee	2025 £	2024 £
Rendering of services Interest received	192,000	185,728
interest received	3,999	5,304
	195,999	191,032
4 Operating profit		
Arrived at after charging/(crediting)		
	2025 £	2024 £
Depreciation expense	524	542
5 Auditors' remuneration		
	2025 £	2024 £
Audit of the financial statements	4,950	4,950
6 Taxation		
Tax charged/(credited) in the income statement		
	2025 £	2024 £
Current taxation		
UK corporation tax	2,644	2,810

# Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 March 2025

7 Tangible assets		
	Furniture, fittings and equipment £	Total £
Cost or valuation		
At 1 April 2024 Additions	1,149	1,149
At 31 March 2025	779	779
	1,928	1,928
Depreciation At 1 April 2024 Charge for the year	556	556
	524	524
At 31 March 2025	1,080	1,080
Carrying amount		
At 31 March 2025	848	848
At 31 March 2024	593	593
8 Investments in subsidiaries, joint ventures and associates		
s threatments in subsidiaries, joint ventures and associates	2025	2024
	2025 £	2024 £
Investments in subsidiaries Subsidiaries	270,351	260,000 £
Cost or valuation		
Additions		270,351
Provision	_	
Carrying amount		
At 31 March 2025	· ·	270,351
At 31 March 2024	_	260,000
9 Other financial assets (current and non-current)		
	2025	2024
Current financial assets	£	£
Financial assets at cost less impairment	80,000	80,000
10 Debtors		
	2025	2024
	2025 £	2024 £
Other debtors	110,587	78,197

# Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 March 2025

11 Cash and cash equivalents				
			2025 £	2024 £
Other cash and cash equivalents		=	4,548	39,565
12 Creditors				
		Note	2025 £	2024 £
Due within one year				
Trade creditors			-	14,622
Other payables			84	1,763
Accrued expenses			16,561	6,450
Corporation tax liability		6	4,707	2,063
		_	21,352	24,898
13 Share capital				
Allotted, called up and fully paid shares				
	2025 No.	£	2024	c
	140.	T.	No.	£
Ordinary of £1 each	18,500	18,500	18,500	18,500

# Detailed Profit and Loss Account for the Year Ended 31 March 2025

	2025 £	2024 £
Turnover		105 729
Rendering of services, UK	192,000	185,728 5,304
Interest received	3,999	
	195,999	191,032
Raw materials and consumables used Direct costs	165,426	153,637
Depreciation and amortisation expense  Depreciation of computers	493	542
Depreciation of office equipment	31	-
Depreciation of office equipment	524	542
Other expenses		130
Rates	1.096	1,157
Telephone and fax	1,086 53	28
Printing, postage and stationery	109	-
Sundry expenses	2,318	9,600
Travel and subsistence	2,510	4,004
Advertising	3,771	3,516
Accountancy fees Auditor's remuneration - The audit of the company's annual accounts	4,950	4,950
	3,495	2,610
Subscriptions Bank charges	99	
Bank Charges	15,881	25,995
Operating profit	14,168	10,858
Profit before tax	14,168	10,858