## M L BHUWANIA AND CO LLP

## **CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS**

F-11, 3rd floor, Manek Mahal, 90, Veer Nariman Road, Churchgate, Mumbai - 400 020, INDIA. T: +91 22 6117 4949 F: +91 22 6117 4950 E: info@mlbca.in W: www.mlbca.in

## INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To,
The Board of Directors of
DATAMATICS GLOBAL SERVICES BV
Report on the financial statements

## Opinion

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of **DATAMATICS GLOBAL SERVICES BV** ("the Company"), which comprise the Balance Sheet as at March 31, 2024, the Statement of Profit and Loss (including Other Comprehensive Income), the Statement of Changes in Equity, the Statement of Cash Flows for the year then ended and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of material accounting policies and other explanatory information (hereinafter referred to as "the financial statements"). The accompanying financial statement have been prepared by management in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles applicable in India, solely to enable its holding company, Datamatics Global Service Limited to prepare its consolidated financial statements.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements of the entity are prepared, in all material respects, in accordance with the generally accepted accounting principal in India.

## **Basis for Opinion**

We conducted our audit in accordance with the Standards on Auditing (SAs) specified under section 143(10) of the Companies Act, 2013. Our responsibilities under those Standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the financial statements section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the Code of Ethics issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements under the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 and the Rules thereunder, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the Code of Ethics. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

## Management's Responsibility for the financial statements

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the matters stated in Section 134(5) of Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act") with respect to the preparation and presentation of these financial statements that give a true and fair view of the financial position, financial performance, changes in equity and cash flow of the Company in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, including Indian Accounting Standards (Ind As) specified under Section 133 of the Act read with rule 3 of Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015. This responsibility also includes maintenance of the Act read with rule 3 of Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015.

# M L BHUWANIA AND CO LLP CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS

adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls, that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the financial statements that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

The Board of Directors are responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process.

## Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with SAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with SAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.

Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis
of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material ANIA

Continuation Sheet.

# M L BHUWANIA AND CO LLP

## **CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS**

uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the

related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

For and on behalf of M L BHUWANIA AND CO LLP Chartered Accountants FRN: 101484W/W100197

Ashishkumar Bairagra

Partner

Membership No. 109931

UDIN: 24109931BKEIAH1289

Place: Mumbai Date: May 7, 2024.

F-11, 3rd Floor, Manek Mahal, 90, Veer Nariman Road, Churchgate, Mumbai - 400 020, India.





- Financial statements as at March 31, 2024

alance sheet as at March 31, 2024		(Amount In INR)			
	Note	March 31, 2024	Amount in EURO) March 31, 2023	March 31, 2024	March 31, 2023
Particulars	11010				
ASSETS					
Non-current assets					
Financial assets	2	85	85	7,620	7,539
i. Other financial assets	3	9,180	5,731	8,25,833	5,10,116
Non-current tax assets	3	9,265	5,816	8,33,453	5,17,655
Total non-current assets		3,203			
Current assets					
Financial assets		6,756	32	6,07,762	(1 <del>4</del> )
i. Trade receivables	4		1,39,486	33,39,197	1,24,15,609
ii. Cash and cash equivalents	5	37,119 676	670	60,878	59,598
Other current assets	6		1,40,156	40,07,837	1,24,75,207
Total current assets		44,551	1,45,972	48,41,289	1,29,92,862
Total assets		53,816	1,43,372		
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES					
Equity	EV 15	25 000	25,000	22,49,000	22,25,250
Equity share capital	7(a)	25,000	47,524	17,41,035	42,29,974
Other equity	7(b)	19,353	72,524	39,90,035	64,55,224
Total equity		44,353	72,324		
LIABILITIES					
Current liabilities					
Financial liabilities	2	9,116	17,416	8,20,048	15,50,198
i. Trade payables	8	9,116	56,032	3 <del>4</del>	49,87,440
Other current liabilities	9	347	30,032	31,206	12
Provisions	10		73,448	8,51,254	65,37,63
Total current liabilities		9,463	73,448	8,51,254	65,37,63
Total liabilities		9,463 53,816	1,45,972	48,41,289	1,29,92,86

Significant accounting policies and notes forming part of

the financial statements

As per our attached report of even date

For M L BHUWANIA AND CO LLP

Chartered Accountants

Firm Registration No. 101484W / W100197

Ashishkumar Bairagra

Partner

Membership No. 109931

Place: Mumbai Dated: May 07, 2024

F-11, 3rd Floor, Manek Mahal, 90, Veer Nariman Road, Churchgate, Mumbai - 400 020, India.

MUMBAI

For and on behalf of the Board

Director

Sandeep Mantri

Director

## Statement of profit and loss for the year ended March 31, 2024

Statement of profit and loss for the year ended March 31, 2024			(Amount In INR)		
Section (Section 1)	Note	March 31, 2024	(Amount in EURO) March 31, 2023	March 31, 2024	March 31, 2023
Particulars		75,608	1,67,903	67,75,275	1,40,53,478
Revenue from operations	11	2,104	981	1,88,566	82,111
Other income	12	77,712	1,68,884	69,63,841	1,41,35,589
Total income		77,712	1,00,004	10	
Expenses	13	45,241	2	40,54,072	
Employee benefit expenses	14	60,703	1,58,859	54,39,568	1,32,96,423
Other expenses	14	1,05,944	1,58,859	94,93,640	1,32,96,423
Total expenses		(28,232)	10,025	(25,29,799)	8,39,166
Profit before tax		(20,232)	20,000		
Income tax expense		(61)	1,971	(5,466)	1,64,973
- Current tax		(61)	1,971	(5,466)	1,64,973
Total tax expense		(28,171)	8,054	(25,24,333)	6,74,193
Profit for the year		(20,1/1)	0,051		

# Statement of other comprehensive income for the year ended March 31, 2024

Statement of other comprehensive					
	Note	March 31, 2024	March 31, 2023	March 31, 2024	March 31, 2023
Particulars	14010	midrem 94) 444			
Items that will be reclassified to profit or loss				59,144	3,75,269
Foreign Currency Translation reserve				59,144	3,75,269
2.5				ř	19/
Items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss			<b>₽</b>	•	•
				59,144	3,75,269
OCI for the year					
		(28,171)	8,054	(24,65,189)	10,49,462
Total comprehensive income for the year					
Earnings per Equity Share (of EUR 1/- each) Basic and diluted	16	(1.13)	0.32	(100.97)	26.97

Significant accounting policies and notes forming part of the financial statements

1-22

As per our attached report of even date

For M L BHUWANIA AND CO LLP

Chartered Accountants

irm Registration No. 101484W / W100197

Ashishkumar Bairagra

Membership No. 109931

Place : Mumbai Dated : May 07, 2024

F-11, 3rd Floor, Manek Mahal, 90, Veer Nariman Road, Churchgate, Mumbai - 400 020, India.



For and on behalf of the Board

Director

Sandeep Mantri

Director

Statement of changes in equity for the year ended March 31, 2024

A. Equity share capital		
Particulars	Amount in EURO	Amount in INR
	25,000	20,96,250
As at March 31, 2022 Foreign exchange fluctuation	<sup>30</sup> .	1,29,000
As at March 31, 2023	25,000	22,25,250
Foreign exchange fluctuation	50000000000000000000000000000000000000	23,750
As at March 31, 2024	25,000	22,49,000

B. Other equity		(Amount in EURO)			(Amount In INR)
b. Other equity	Reserves and surplus		Reserves and surplus	Other Reserves	Total
Particulars	Retained earnings	Total	Retained earnings	Foreign Exchange Translation Reserve	
	39,470	39,470	33,56,344	(46,832)	33,09,512
As at March 31, 2022	** (PERCENT)	8,054	6,74,193		6,74,193
Profit for the year	8,054	0,054	-	(1,29,000)	(1,29,000)
Exchange difference on Equity share capital	(5)			3,75,269	3,75,269
Other comprehensive income	•	0.054	6,74,193	2,46,269	9,20,462
Total comprehensive income for the year	8,054	8,054	40,30,537	1,99,437	42,29,974
As at March 31, 2023	47,524	47,524	(	10 F PAGE (1100)	(25,24,333)
Profit for the year	(28,171)	(28,171)	(25,24,555)	(23,750)	(23,750)
Exchange difference on Equity share capital	1.0	•		59,144	59,144
Other comprehensive income		•	(0.7.0.000)		(24,88,939)
Total comprehensive income for the year	(28,171)	(28,171)			17,41,035
As at March 31, 2024	19,353	19,353	15,06,204	2,34,831	17,41,033

As per our attached report of even date

For M L BHUWANIA AND CO LLP

Chartered Accountants

Firm Registration No. 101484W / W100197

Ashishkumar Bairagra

Partner

Membership No. 109931

Place: Mumbai Dated: May 07, 2024

F-11, 3rd Floor, Manek Mahal, 90, Veer Nariman Road, Churchgate,

WANIAA

MUMBAI

Mumbai - 400 020, India.

For and on behalf of the Board

Divya Kumat Director



		(Amount in EURO)		(Amount in INR)
	Year Ended March 31, 2024	Year Ended March 31, 2023	Year Ended March 31, 2024	Year Ended March 31, 2023
A.Cash flow from operating activities				
Profit before tax	(28,232)	10,025	(25,29,799)	8,39,166
Adjustments for :	(2,097)	(981)	(1,87,924)	(82,111)
Interest income Operating profit before working capital changes	(30,329)		(27,17,723	
Adjustments for :	(6,756)	60,450	(6,07,762	50,68,733
Increase/(decrease) in trade receivables	(7)		(1,253	11,18,798
Increase/(decrease) in other financial and non-financial assets	(8,300		(7,30,151	
Increase / (decrease) in trade payables	(56,031		TO STORE OF THE PARTY OF THE PA	
Increase/(decrease) in other financial and non-financial liabilities	(1,01,423		(90,44,329	
Cash generated from operations	(3,041			
Direct taxes paid (net) Net cash flow from operating activities	(1,04,464		(93,23,373	70,12,429
B. Cash flow from investing activities	2,097	981	1,87,924	
Interest Received	2,097	981	1,87,92	82,111
Net cash flow used in investing activities (B)  Net cash flow during the year Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year	(1,02,367 1,39,486		1,24,15,60	49,46,238
Exchange difference on translation			59,03	8 3,74,831
Net cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year (Refer Note No		9 1,39,48	6 33,39,19	7 1,24,15,609 tement of cash flows

- 1. Cash flow statement has been prepared under the indirect method as set out in Indian Accounting Standard (Ind AS 7) statement of cash flows.
- 2. Previous year figures have been regrouped and rearranged wherever considered necessary to make them comparable with those of the current year.
- 3. Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year

3. Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year		(Amount in EURO)	(Amount in INK)	
		Year Ended March		Year Ended March 31, 2023
Cash and cash equivalents  Balances with bank: - in Current Account	37,119	1,39,486	33,39,197	1,24,15,609
	37,119	1,39,486	33,39,197	1,24,15,609

MUMBAI

As per our attached report of even date For M L BHUWANIA AND CO LLP

Chartered Accountants

Firm Registration No. 101484W / W100197

Ashishkumar Bairagra

Partner

Membership No. 109931

Place : Mumbai Dated : May 07, 2024

F-11, 3rd Floor, Manek Mahal, 90, Veer Nariman Road, Churchgate, Mumbai - 400 020, India. For and on behalf of the Board

Divya Kumat

Director

Sandeep Mantri Director

P

### **Datamatics Global Services BV** Notes forming part of Financial Statements

## Note 1: General Information & Accounting Policies

### (a) General Information

Datamatics Global Services BV, was incorporated in Netherlands, on August 29, 2019 and the Registration Number of the Company is 860368750. The Company is wholly owned subsidiary of Datamatics Global Services Inc. (USA).

### (b) Material Accounting Policies

## **Basis of Preparation of Financial Statements:**

This Financial Statements are prepared as per Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS), on the accrual basis of accounting and in accordance with generally acceptable accounting principle in India from the books of accounts maintained in EURO. The above Financial Statements comprising Balance sheet, the Statement of Profit and Loss (including other Comprehensive Income), Cash Flow statement and Statement of Equity for the year then ended and a summary of material accounting policies and a summary of selected explanatory notes have been prepared by Management to enable its Holding Company, Datamatics Global Services Limited to prepare its Consolidated Financial Statements and only relevant disclosures as required for the intended purpose are disclosed.

#### Foreign currency translation iii

### Functional and presentation currency

The financial statements are presented in EURO, rounded to the nearest EURO.

Monetary items denominated in foreign currencies at the balance sheet date are translated at the exchange rates prevailing at the balance sheet date. Non-monetary assets and non-monetary liabilities denominated in a foreign currency and measured at historical cost are translated at the exchange rate prevalent at the date of transaction.

Any income or expense on account of exchange difference either on settlement or on translation at the balance sheet date is recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss in the year in which it arises.

#### Revenue recognition iii)

Revenue from services is recognised based on time and material and billed to the clients as per the terms of the contract.

Revenue related to fixed price maintenance and support services contracts where the Company is standing ready to provide services is recognised based on time elapsed mode and revenue is straight lined over the period of performance.

Cost and earnings in excess of billings are classified as unbilled revenue while billings in excess of cost and earnings are classified as unearned revenue. Discount is recognised on cash basis in accordance with the contractual term of the agreement with the customers.

### iv) Cash and cash equivalents

The Company considers all highly liquid financial instruments, which are readily convertible into cash and have original maturities of three months or less from date of purchase to be cash equivalents.

### Cash Flow Statement

Cash flows are reported using the indirect method, whereby net profit before tax is adjusted for the effects of transactions of a non-cash nature, any deferrals or accruals of past or future operating cash receipts or payments and item of income or expenses associated with investing or financing cash flows. The cash flows from operating, investing and financing activities of the Company are segregated.

### Trade receivable

Trade receivables are recognised initially at fair value and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less provision for impairment.

### **Financial instruments**

A financial instrument is any contract that gives rise to a financial asset of one entity and a financial liability or equity instrument of another entity.

### (1) Financial Assets

### (i) Classification

The Company classifies its financial assets in the following measurement categories:

- (a) those to be measured subsequently at fair value (either through other comprehensive income, or through profit or loss); and
- (b) those measured at amortised cost.

The classification depends on the entity's business model for managing the financial assets and the contractual terms of the cash flows.

- (a) For assets measured at fair value, gains and losses will either be recorded in profit or loss or other comprehensive income.
- (b) For investments in debt instruments, this will depend on the business model in which the investment is held.
- (c) For investments in equity instruments, this will depend on whether the Company has made an irrevocable election at the time of initial recognition to account for the equity investment at fair value through other comprehensive income.

The Company reclassifies debt investments when and only when its business model for managing those assets changes.

At initial recognition, the Company measures a financial asset at its fair value plus, in the case of a financial asset not at fair value through profit or loss, transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition of the financial asset. Transaction costs of financial assets carried at fair value through profit or loss are expensed in profit or loss.



### **Datamatics Global Services BV** Notes forming part of Financial Statements

For trade receivables only, the Company applies the simplified approach permitted by Ind AS 109 Financial Instruments, which requires expected lifetime credit losses (ECL) to be recognised from initial recognition of the receivables. The Company uses historical default rates to determine impairment loss on the portfolio of trade receivables. At every reporting date these historical default rates are reviewed and changes in the forward looking estimates are

## (iv) Derecognition of financial assets

A financial asset is derecognised only when -

- (a) The Company has transferred the rights to receive cash flows from the financial asset or
- (b) retains the contractual rights to receive the cash flows of the financial asset, but assumes a contractual obligation to pay the cash flows to one or more recipients.

Where the entity has transferred an asset, the Company evaluates whether it has transferred substantially all risks and rewards of ownership of the financial asset. In such cases, the financial asset is derecognised. Where the entity has not transferred substantially all risks and rewards of ownership of the financial asset, the financial asset is not derecognised.

Where the entity has neither transferred a financial asset nor retains substantially all risks and rewards of ownership of the financial asset, the financial asset is derecognised if the Company has not retained control of the financial asset. Where the Company retains control of the financial asset, the asset is continued to be recognised to the extent of continuing involvement in the financial asset.

#### (v) Income recognition

#### Interest income

Interest income is recorded on a time proportion basis taking into account the amounts invested and the rate of interest.

#### (2) Financial Liabilities

Financial liabilities are initially recognised at fair value, reduced by transaction costs (in case of financial liability not at fair value through profit or loss), that are directly attributable to the issue of financial liability. After initial recognition, financial liabilities are measured at amortised cost using effective interest method. The effective interest rate is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash outflow (including all fees paid, transaction cost, and other premiums or discounts) through the expected life of the financial liability, or, where appropriate, a shorter period, to the net carrying amount on initial recognition. At the time of initial recognition, there is no financial liability irrevocably designated as measured at fair value through profit or loss.

A financial liability is derecognised when the obligation under the liability is discharged or cancelled or expires. When an existing financial liability is replaced by another from the same lender on substantially different terms, or the terms of an existing liability are substantially modified, such an exchange or modification is treated as the de-recognition of the original liability and the recognition of a new liability. The difference in the respective carrying amounts is recognised in the statement of profit or loss.

The preparation of financial statements as per Generally Accepted Accounting Principals requires management to make estimates and assumptions which affects the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosures of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of financial statements and reported amount of revenue and expenses during the reported period. Actual results could differ from such estimates.

### ix) Trade and other payables

These amounts represent liabilities for goods and services provided to the company prior to the end of financial year which are unpaid. The amounts are unsecured. Trade and other payables are presented as current liabilities unless payment is not due within 12 months after the reporting period. They are recognised initially at their fair value and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

## **Provision, Contingent Liabilities and Contingent Assets**

The Company recognises a provision when there is a present obligation as a result of a past event that probably requires an outflow of resources and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation. A disclosure for contingent liability is made when there is possible obligation or a present obligation that may, but probably will not, require an outflow of resources. Where there is a possible obligation or a present obligation that the likelihood of outflow of resources is remote, no provision or disclosure is made.

Provisions are not discounted to its present value and are determined based on best estimate required to settle the obligation at the balance sheet date. These are reviewed at each balance sheet date and adjusted to reflect current best estimates.

Contingent Assets are neither recognised nor disclosed.

### **Employee benefits**

Short term employee benefits are recognised as an expense at the undiscounted amounts in the Statement of Profit & Loss for the year in which the

Liabilities in respect Leave Encashment and Gratuity which are defined benefit plans are determined based on estimated leave balance basis as on the related service is rendered. balance sheet date.

### xii) Earnings per share

In determining Earnings per Share, the Company considers the net profit attributable to company's owners. The number of shares used in computing basic Earnings per Share is the weighted average number of shares outstanding during the period. The number of shares used in computing diluted Earnings per Share comprises the weighted average shares considered for deriving basic Earnings per Share and also the weighted average number of equity shares that could have been issued on the conversion of all dilutive potential equity shares.

					(Amoun	t in EURO)			(Amount In INR)
Note 2 - Other financial assets (non-current)			March 31	2024			March 31, 20	24	March 31, 2023
articulars			March	,		•			
Unsecured, considered good)				85		85	7,6	20	7,539
Security deposits								••	7.530
Total		_		85		85	7,6	20	7,539
					(Amour	t in EURO)			(Amount In INR)
Note 3 - Non-current tax assets			March 3	2024		ch 31, 2023	March 31, 2	No. of the last	March 31, 2023
Particulars			IVIAICII 3.	1, 2024	11101	cii 01, 1010		214012	12 March Control Control
Advance Tax (Net of Provision for Tax)				9,180		5,731	8,25,8	33	5,10,116
Total		<u> </u>		9,180		5,731	8,25,8	33	5,10,116
Note 4 - Trade receivables*					(Amour	nt in EURO)			(Amount In INR)
Particulars			March 3	1, 2024	Ma	rch 31, 2023	March 31, 2	024	March 31, 2023
Unsecured									
Considered Good				6,756			6,07,7	762	
Total				6,756		-	6,07,	762	
								10	mount In EUR)
*Trade receivable ageing schedule for the	he year ended a	s on March 31, 2	2024			More than	2 years	1/-	Total
Particulars	Less than 6 Months	6 Months- 1 Year	1-2 years	2-3 y	ears	Wiore than	J years		
Ondisputed Trade Receivable	6,756	-							6,756
Considered Goods	0,750								
Trade receivable ageing schedule for the	e year ended as	on March 31, 20	023						
Undisputed Trade Receivable									2
Considered Goods			-		**			-	
								- (	Amount In INR)
*Trade receivable ageing schedule for t		as on March 31,	2024	224	oars	More than	3 years		Total
?articulars	Less than 6 Months	6 Months- 1 Year	1-2 years	2-3 y	ears	Wiore than	- years		10000000
Olidispated Irade Irecertain	6 07 762								6,07,762
Considered Goods	6,07,762	_							
Trade receivable ageing schedule for th	ne year ended a	s on March 31, 2	023						
Undisputed Trade Receivable	•				24		-		
Considered Goods									
Note 5 - Cash and cash equivalents						unt in EURO)		2024	(Amount In INR)
Particulars			March	31, 2024	M	arch 31, 2023	March 31, 33,39		March 31, 2023 1,24,15,609
Bank balances				37,119		1,39,486	33,35	,13/	1,24,15,005
Total				37,119		1,39,486	33,39	,197	1,24,15,609
		1			/Amo	unt in EURO)			(Amount In INR)
Note 6 - Other current assets			March	31, 2024		arch 31, 2023	March 31,	2024	March 31, 202
Particulars			iviarch	70		70		5,297	6,231
Prepaid expenses				606		600		1,580	53,367
Balance with govt authorities				300		12.7.			
						670		0,878	59,598



### Note 7 - Share capital and other equity

7(a) - Equity share capital

(i) lecund	Subscribed and Paid-up equity share capital

(i) Issued, Subscribed and Pala-up equity share capital	Street as of shown	Amount in EURO	Number of shares	Amount in INR
Particulars	Number of shares			20,96,250
As at March 31, 2022	25,000	25,000	25,000	
2014 TO STAN TO THE STAN TO THE STAN TO STAN THE	190			1,29,000
Foreign exchange fluctuation		35 000	25,000	22,25,250
As at March 31, 2023	25,000	25,000	25,000	
3303.00 B. (1993.00 B. (1994.00 B. (19		•	N* 1	23,750
Foreign exchange fluctuation	25,000	25,000	25,000	22,49,000
As at March 31, 2024	25,000	23,000		

(II) Wovernents in equity share capital	Number of shares	Amount in EURO	Number of shares	Amount in INR
Particulars			25,000	20,96,250
As at March 31, 2022	25,000	25,000	25,000	1,29,000
Foreign exchange fluctuation		- 1.		
As at March 31, 2023	25,000	25,000	25,000	22,25,250
2 = 1 (1)	- marketan	~~ <u>~</u>		23,750
Foreign exchange fluctuation	25,000	25,000	25,000	22,49,000
As at March 31, 2024	25,000	25,000		

(Amount in EURO)			(Amount In INR)	
March 31, 2024	March 31, 2023	March 31, 2024	March 31, 2023	
	25,000	22,49,000	22,25,250	
	March 31, 2024 25,000	March 31, 2024 March 31, 2023	March 31, 2024 March 31, 2023 March 31, 2024	

(iv) Details of shareholders holding more than 5% shares in the Company

(IV) Details of siture incident	March 31,	2024	March 31,	2023
Particulars	Number of shares	% Holding	Number of shares	% Holding
Datamatics Global Services Limited	25,000	10	00 25,000	100

### (v) Terms / rights attached to equity shares

The Company, at present, has one class of equity shares having a par value of EURO 1 per share. Each shareholder is eligible for one vote per share held.

The state of the s		(Amount in EURO)	(Amount in INR)	
7(b) - Other equity	March 31, 2024	March 31, 2023	March 31, 2024	March 31, 2023
Particulars		47,524	15,06,204	40,30,537
Retained earnings*	19,353	47,524	15,00,204	1047/7-7/70400
OCI -		1960	2.34.831	1.99,437
Foreign currency translation reserve**	■D.			
Total	19,353	47,524	17,41,035	42,29,974

<sup>\*</sup> Refer Statement of Changes in Equity for Movement

<sup>\*\*</sup> The exchange differences arising from the translation of financial statements of foreign operations is recognised in other comprehensive income and is presented within equity in the foreign currency translation reserve.



lote 8 - Trade payables			(Amount in	EURO)		(Amount In INR)
articulars	Marc	h 31, 2024	March 3	1, 2023	March 31, 2024	March 31, 2023
rade payables		9,116		17,416	8,20,048	15,50,198
fotal		9,116	3	17,416	8,20,048	15,50,198
otal						
*Trade payable ageing schedule for the year ended a	on March 31, 2024		2-3 years	Moret	han 3 years	(Amount In EUR) Total
Particulars	Less than 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More	ilali 5 years	8.50
MSME			-		•	1,138
Others	1,138	•	\\\\-			7,978
Add: Accrued Expenses (including employee liabilities)						
Total						9,116
Trade payable ageing schedule for the year ended as	on March 31, 2023					
MSME			Nago		- 5.4	
		_	940		-	
Others Add: Accrued Expenses (including employee liabilities)						17,416
						17,416
Total						
*Trade payable ageing schedule for the year ended a	s on March 31, 202	4				(Amount In INR)
Particulars	Less than 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More	than 3 years	Total
MSME		-			:,•.(	
Others	1,02,374				5.5	1,02,374
Add: Accrued Expenses (including employee liabilities)						7,17,674
Total						8,20,048
Trade payable ageing schedule for the year ended a	s on March 31, 2023	1				
MSME		857				
Others			N			45 50 100
Add: Accrued Expenses (including employee liabilities)						15,50,198
Total						15,50,198
Note 9 - Other current liabilities			(Amount	in EURO)		(Amount In IN
Particulars	Ma	rch 31, 2024	March	31, 2023	March 31, 202	4 March 31, 202
Hannan of Powers		*		56,032	921	49,87,44
Unearned Revenue				56,032		49,87,44
Total				30,032		76 5.54 75000
Note 10 - Provisions	b = 441		(Amount	in EURO)	<u> </u>	(Amount In IN
Particulars	Ma	arch 31, 2024	March	31, 2023	March 31, 202	24 March 31, 20
Provisions for employee benefits		800,00,000			21.20	6 -
- Leave Encashment		347		0	31,20	
		347			31,20	6 -



	(	Amount in EURO)		(Amount In INR)
Note 11 - Revenue from operations Particulars	March 31, 2024	March 31, 2023	March 31, 2024	March 31, 2023
Particulars				
Sale of Services	75,608	1,67,903	67,75,275	1,40,53,478
Sale of Services		-2 -1		
Total	75,608	1,67,903	67,75,275	1,40,53,478
				2520 272 252 <u>2</u> 4
Note 12 - Other income		Amount in EURO)		(Amount In INR)
Particulars	March 31, 2024	March 31, 2023	March 31, 2024	March 31, 2023
			1.07.024	82,111
Interest received	2,097	981	1,87,924 642	02,111
Miscellaneous receipts	7	-	042	73
	2,104	981	1,88,566	82,111
Total	2,104	301	2,00,000	
		(Amount in EURO)		(Amount In INR)
Note 13 - Employee benefit expenses	March 31, 2024	March 31, 2023	March 31, 2024	March 31, 2023
Particulars	Wild Cit 31, 2024	march 52) 2525		
Basic Salary, Wages & Allowances	39,227		35,15,122	22
Contribution towards PF & Other funds	3,623		3,24,639	-
	2,392	-	2,14,311	
Staff Welfare	, 7, 7, 7, 7, 7, 7, 7, 7, 7, 7, 7, 7, 7,			
Total	45,241	•	40,54,072	•
Total	-			65 60 90 90 90 90 90 90 90 90 90 90 90 90 90
Note 14 - Other expenses		(Amount in EURO)		(Amount In INR)
Particulars	March 31, 2024	March 31, 2023	March 31, 2024	March 31, 2023
			*************	F 22 762
Legal & Professional expenses	10,787	6,246	9,66,617	5,22,763
Technical fees	43,331	1,48,420	38,82,891	1,24,22,754
Rent	840	840	75,272	70,308
Bank charges	1,425	2,201	1,27,674	1,84,207
Recruitment charges	4,320	<b>₽</b>	3,87,115	00.004
Rates & Taxes	9	1,152	1991	96,391
	60,703	1,58,859	54,39,568	1,32,96,423
Total	60,703	1,30,033	5 1,55,566	



#### Datamatics Global Services BV

Notes Forming Part of The Financial Statements

#### Note 15 - Related Party Disclosure

As required under Ind AS 24 - "Related Party Disclosures", following are details of transactions during the year with the related parties of the Company as defined in Ind AS-24.

The Company has entered into transactions in ordinary course of business with related parties at arms length as per details given below:

Datamatics Global Services Limited (Holding Company)

Datamatics Infotech Ltd (Fellow Subsidiary)

The nature of significant related party transactions and the amounts involved are as follows:

			(Amount in EURO)		(Amount in INK)
Sr. No.	Particulars	2023-24	2022-23	2023-24	2022-23
(i)	Transactions during the year ended Reimbursements/ Expenses incurred by related parties Datamatics infotech Ltd	414	54.1	37,104	300
(ii)	Included in Technical Fees Datamatics Global Services Limited	43,331	1,25,956	38,82,891	1,05,42,517
	Balances as at March 31	March 31, 2024	March 31, 2023	March 31, 2024	March 31, 2023
(i)	Included in Trade Payable Datamatics Global Services Limited	20	13,148	1.5	11,70,303

### Note 16 - Earnings Per Share

Earnings Per Share	(Amount in EURO)			(Amount in INR)	
	March 31, 2024	March 31, 2023	March 31, 2024	March 31, 2023	
Particulars	(28,171)	8,054	(25,24,333)	6,74,193	
Net profit after tax	*50550.5	150000000000000000000000000000000000000		9470,000000	
Number of equity shares	25,000	25,000	25,000	23,000	
	EURO 1	EURO 1			
Nominal value of shares	(1.13)	75000 QX	(100.97)	26.97	
Farnings per Share (Basic and Diluted)	(1/13)	0.54	1200.007		

The Company has not entered into any scheme of arrangement which has an accounting impact on current or previous financial year.

The following are applicable analytical ratios for the year ended March 31, 2024 and March 31, 2023:

Particulars	Refer notes for variance	March 31,2024	March 31,2023	Variance (%)
(i) Current Ratio =(Current Assets/Current Liabilities) (Times)	1	4.71	1.91	146.73%
(ii) Return on Equity (ROE) = (Net Profits after taxes/Average Shareholder's Equity) (%)	2	-48.21%	11.76%	-509.91%
(iii) Trade receivables turnover ratio = (Revenue/Average Trade Receivable) (Times)	3	22.38	5.56	302.57%
(iii) Trade receivables turnover ratio =(Purchases of services and other expenses/Average Trade		4.58	4.95	-7.56%
Payables) (Times)		2.15	2.52	-14.49%
(v) Net capital turnover ratio= (Revenue/Working Capital) (Times) (vi) Net profit ratio= (Net Profit/Total Income) (%)	2	-36.25%	4.77%	-860.09%
(vii) Return on capital employed (ROCE) = (Earning before interest and taxes/Effective Capital Employed) (%)	2	-48.31%	14.64%	-429.99%

#### Note:

- 1. Increase in trade receivable and reduce in current liabilities during the current year.
- 2. Loss during the current year.
- 3. Increase in trade receivable during the current year.

sir value measurements		(Amount in EURO)		(Amount in INR)
Particulars	March 31, 2024	March 31, 2023	March 31, 2024	March 31, 2023
Particulars	Amortised Cost	Amortised Cost	Amortised Cost	Amortised Cost
inancial assets	37,119	1,39,486	33.39.197	1,24,15,609
ash and cash equivalents	1 7 7 7 5 5 5 5	1,39,460	6,07,762	
rade receivables	6,756	85	7,620	7,539
ecurity deposits	85		39,54,579	1,24,23,148
otal financial assets	43,959	1,39,570	35,54,575	8,6-1,2-3,2-10
inancial Liabilities	9.116	17,416	8,20,048	15,50,198
Trade Payable  Total financial liabilities	9,116	17,416	8,20,048	15,50,19

The company's activities expose it to liquidity risk and credit risk. This note explains the sources of risk which the entity is exposed to and how the entity manages the risk.

	Exposure arising from	Measurement	Management
Risk Credit risk	Cash and cash equivalents, trade receivables and financial assets	Ageing analysis	Diversification of bank deposits and credit limits
Liquidity risk	Trade payable	Maturity analysis, cash flow forecasts	Availability of committed credit lines and borrowing facilities

Credit risk is the risk that counterparty will not meet its obligations under a financial instrument or customer contract, leading to a financial loss. Credit risk encompasses the direct risk of default, risk of deterioration of creditworthiness as well as concentration risks. The Company is exposed to credit risk from its operating activities (primarily trade receivables), deposits with banks and loans given.

The company's credit risk mainly from trade receivables as these are typically unsecured. This credit risk has always been managed through credit approvals, establishing credit limits and continuous monitoring the creditworkniness of customers to whom credit is extended in the normal course of business. The Company estimates the expected credit loss based on past data, available information on public domain and experience. Expected credit losses of financial assets receivable are estimated based on historical data of the Company. The company has provisioning policy for expected credit losses.

Prudent liquidity risk management implies maintaining sufficient cash and marketable securities and the availability of funding through an adequate amount of committed credit facilities to meet Prudent liquidity risk management implies maintaining sufficient cash and marketable securities and the availability of funding through an adequate amount of committed credit facilities to meet Prudent liquidity risk management implies maintaining sufficient cash and marketable securities and the availability of funding through an adequate amount of committed credit facilities to meet Prudent liquidity risk management implies maintaining sufficient cash and marketable securities and the availability of funding through an adequate amount of committed credit facilities to meet prudent liquidity risk management implies maintaining sufficient cash and marketable securities and the availability of funding through an adequate amount of committed credit facilities to meet prudent liquidity risk management implies maintaining sufficient cash and marketable securities and the availability of funding through an adequate amount of committed credit facilities to meet produce and to close out market positions. Due to the dynamic nature of the underlying businesses, company treasury maintains flexibility in funding by maintaining availability under object the committed credit facilities and the committed credit facilities and committed credit facilities are committed credit facilities to meet the committed credit facilities

Management monitors rolling forecasts of the company's liquidity position and cash and cash equivalents on the basis of expected cash flows. In addition, the company's liquidity management policy involves projecting cash flows in major currencies and considering the level of liquid assets necessary to meet these, monitoring balance sheet liquidity ratios against internal and external regulatory requirements and maintaining debt financing plans.

The Company's significant leasing arrangements are in respect of office premises. The aggregate lease rentals payable on these leasing arrangements are charged as rent under "Other expenses" in Note 14. These leasing arrangements are for a period not exceeding twelve months and are in most cases renewable by mutual consent, on mutually agreeable terms.

(Amount in EURO) Rental expense relating to operating leases March 31, 2024 March 31, 2023 March 31, 2024 March 31, 2023 70.308

- future lease payments are determined on the basis of terms of the lease agreement.
- At the expiry of term of the agreement, the Company has an option either to return the leased asset or extend the term by giving a notice in writing
- There are no sublease payments as well as no contingent rent.

Total rental expense relating to operating leases



Datamatics Global Services BV

Notes Forming Part of The Financial Statements

Note 22 - Previous Year Figures

Previous year figures have been appropriately regrouped/reclassified and rearranged

As per our attached report of even date For M L BHUWANIA AND CO LLP Chartered Accountants Firm Registration No. 101484W / W100197

Partner Membership No. 109931

Place : Mumbai Dated : May 07, 2024

F-11, 3rd Floor, Manek Mahal, 90, Veer Nariman Road, Churchgate, Mumbai - 400 020, India.

